Test: $\quad$ Primary 4 - Term 2 (SA1) Science (Nan Hua)
Points: $\quad 67$ points
Name: $\qquad$
Date:
Signature: $\qquad$

Select multiple choice answers with a cross or tick:Only select one answerCan select multiple answers

Booklet A (28 x 2 marks $\}$
For each question from 1 to 28 , four options are given. One of them is the correct answer.

Which of the following are sources of light?

book

sun

fire

clockA) fire and sun onlyB) book and sun onlyC) clock and fire onlyD) clock and sun only

Study the diagram below.


What will happen to the shadow if the torch is moved nearer to the object?A) The shadow will disappearB) The shadow will become biggerC) The shadow will become smallerD) The shadow will remain the same

## Study the diagram below.



What caused the shadow of the tree to form? ${ }^{-}$A) The tree reflected lightB) The tree absorbed lightC) The light passed through the treeD) The path of light is blocked by the tree

Which one of the following is a matter?
A)

shadow formed by hands
B)

sound from a man
C)

wind from a fan

The table below shows the properties of three matter.

| Matter | Definite volume | Definite shape | Can be compressed |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | No | No | Yes |
| B | Yes | No | No |
| C | Yes | Yes | No |

Which one of the following matter has properties of a solid?
A) AB) $B$C) CD) None of the above

Which one of the following is not a source of heat?
A)


## Stapler

B)


Toaster
C)


Campfire
D)


Hair dryer

Ted wanted to remove the metal cover that was fitted tightly to the glass container. Using just a basin of hot water, which of the following arrangement would allow Ted to easily remove the metal cover?


(1)

(3)

(2)

(4)
(A) 1B) 2C) 3D) 4

The diagram below shows a cooking pot with hot potatoes in it.


What properties of the materials are suitable for making part $E$ and part $F$ of the cooking pot?
(1)
(2)
(3)
(4)

| Part E | Part F |
| :---: | :---: |
| good conductor of heat | good conductor of heat |
| poor conductor of heat | good conductor of heat |
| good conductor of heat | poor conductor of heat |
| poor conductor of heat | poor conductor of heat |A) 1B) 2C) 3D) 4

The windshield of a car allows the driver to see the road ahead clearly when driving under any conditions.


What properties of the windshield allow the driver to drive on rainy days?A) strong and flexibleB) strong and translucentC) waterproof and flexibleD) waterproof and transparent

## Question 10 of 51

Which one of the following statements about magnets is true?A) The magnetic strength of a magnet is strongest in the middleB) A temporary magnet can only be formed by the electrical methodC) Magnets will lose their magnetism when heated over a strong flameD) A freely suspended bar magnet will come to rest in the East-West direction

Danny set up an experiment as shown below. He had four different objects and wanted to find out which object when placed in front of toy car $P$ would not be able to prevent the balloon from bursting. After attaching the object in front of toy car $P$, he released it at the same position and observed what happened.


The objects were:

|  | Object |
| :---: | :---: |
| A | Magnet |
| B | Steel |
| C | Plastic |
| D | Rubber |

Which of the four objects above would not be able to prevent the balloon from
bursting?A) A onlyB) A and B onlyC) C and D onlyD) B, C and D only

Study the set-up below.


Objects $X, Y$ and $Z$ were placed in between the light source and the screen one at a time.


The following shadows were formed on the screen.


Based on the observations above, which of the following statements are correct?

A Object $X$ blocked the most light.
B Object $Y$ allowed most light to pass through.
C Object $Z$ did not allow any light to pass through.
D The path of light was blocked by at least one of the objects.A) A and C onlyB) A and D onlyC) B and D onlyD) C and D only

Annie used a torch to shine on an object. She discovered that the object could cast both the shadows shown below.


Which of the following was the object which Annie had shone the torch on?

## (1)


(2)

(3)

(4)
A) 1B) 2C) 3D) 4

Arthur placed object $S$ in a beaker that was filled with 120 ml of water and the water level rose to 200 ml .


He took out object $S$ and cut it into two halves. He then placed the two halves back into the beaker with 120 ml of water.


What is the reading of the water level when two halves of object $S$ are placed into the beaker?A) 80 mlB) 120 mlC) 200 mlD) 320 ml

Study the diagram below.

object A
volume $=20 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$

balance
object B

volume $=40 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$

Which of the following statements about objects A and B are correct?
A Both objects have different mass.
B Both objects have the same mass.
C Both objects have different volume.
D Both objects have the same volume.A) A and B onlyB) A and D onlyC) B and C onlyD) B and D only

Ben poured $80 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ of water into a container as shown in the diagram below.


He then poured $60 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ of sand into the container.


Why was the water level below $140 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ ?A) The sand can be compressedB) The water can be compressedC) The air trapped between the sand particles was compressedD) Some water occupied the air spaces in between the sand particles

The diagram below shows a metal block.


What happened to the metal block after it was heated?

|  | Shape | Mass | Volume |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (1) | Changed | Same | Increased |
| (2) | Same | Increased | Increased |
| (3) | Same | Decreased | Decreased |
| (4) | Same | Same | Increased |A) 1B) 2C) 3D) 4

During a science fair, an experiment was set up as shown below.


Four students came along and made the following comments:

| Student | Comments |
| :---: | :--- |
| Ashton | The water in both beakers will eventually reach <br> room temperature. |
| Berinda | The water in beaker A has more heat than the <br> water in beaker B. |
| Caili | Temperature of water in beaker B will decrease <br> faster than that in beaker A. |
| David | Since the water in both beakers have the same <br> temperature, they have the same amount of heat. |

Which of the comments made is/are true?A) Ashton onlyB) Ashton and David onlyC) Berinda and Calli onlyD) Ashton, Berinda and Calli only

Two containers, $A$ and $B$, were immersed into a basin of hot water at $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ as shown in the diagram below.


If the whole set-up was placed in a room at a temperature of $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 9 hours, which of the following correctly shows the temperature of the water found in the two containers and the basin?

|  | Basin | Container A | Container B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(1)$ | $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $(2)$ | $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $(3)$ | $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $(4)$ | $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

(A) 1B) 2C) 3D) 4

A metal bar was formed by joining two metal strips together. After being heated for a short period of time, one metal strip expanded more than the other, causing the metal bar to bend as shown below.


In another experiment, three metal bars, 1, 2-and 3, were heated for two minutes each and the results were shown in the diagram below.


metal bar 1

metal bar 2

metal bar 3

Which one of the following correctly showed the arrangement of metals starting from the metal that expands the most to the metal that expands the least when heated?

|  | expands most |  |  | expands least |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(1)$ | R | , | Q | , | P |
| $(2)$ | Q | , | R | , | P |
| $(3)$ | P | , | Q | , | R |
| $(4)$ | Q | , | P | , | R |A) 1B) 2C) 3

D
D) 4

A beaker of water was placed on top of three different materials, and a candle was placed below to heat the water up as shown in the diagram below.


Which of the following combination of materials would allow the beaker of water to heat up the fastest?

|  | Material 1 | Material 2 | Material 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(1)$ | Steel | Wood | Plastic |
| $(2)$ | Iron | Steel | Wood |
| $(3)$ | Plastic | Copper | Steel |
| $(4)$ | Copper | Steel | Iron |

(A) 1
B) 2
C) 3D) 4

Study the $\mathbf{2}$ groups of objects below.


Which one of the following are possible headings for Group G and Group H ?

|  | Group G | Group H |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | Strong | Not Strong |
| B | Not flexible | Flexible |
| C | Not waterproof | Waterproof |
| D | Not transparent | Transparent |A) A and B onlyB) A and C onlyC) B and D only

Mingwei conducted an experiment with three materials, $X, Y$ and $Z$. He added load of different masses to each material as show in the diagram below.


His observations were shown in the table below:

| Material | Did the material break when the load was added? |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 5-kg | 10-kg |  |
| $X$ | no | no | no |
| $Y$ | no | no | yes |
| $Z$ | no | yes | yes |

Which of the following statements about materials $X, Y$ and $Z$ is/are true?

| A | Material $X$ is the strongest. |
| :---: | :--- |
| B | Material Y is weaker than material Z |
| C | Material $Z$ is more flexible than material X |
| D | Material Y can support a heavier load than material Z. |A) A only

B) B and C only
C) A and D onlyD) A, C and D only

The set-up below is made up of four rings, P, Q, R and S.
-


Based on the diagram above, which of the following could objects $P, Q, R$ and S be?

|  | $\mathbf{P}$ | $\mathbf{Q}$ | $\mathbf{R}$ | $\mathbf{S}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(1)$ | plastic ring | magnet | magnet | steel ring |
| $(2)$ | magnet | steel ring | magnet | plastic ring |
| $(3)$ | plastic ring | magnet | steel ring | magnet |
| $(4)$ | steel ring | magnet | plastic ring | magnet |

(A) 1B) 2C) 3D) 4

Three bar magnets, $\mathrm{AB}, \mathrm{CD}$ and EF , can be arranged as shown below.

| $A$ | $B$ | $C$ | $D$ | $E$ | $F$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Which one of the following arrangements of the magnets is not possible?
(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

(A) 1
B) 2
C) 3D) 4

Study the two pictures below.


Which one of the following statements correctly describes both living things?A) Both reproduce from sporesB) Both are non-flowering plantsC) Both can make their own foodD) Both can respond to changes around them

Study the flow chart below.


What animals could R, S and T be?
(1)
(2)
(3)
(4)

| $\mathbf{R}$ | $\mathbf{S}$ | T |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chicken | Cow | Mosquito |
| Mosquito | Cow | Chicken |
| Cow | Mosquito | Chicken |
| Mosquito | Chicken | Cow |A) 1B) 2C) 3D) 4

The pictures below show a monkey and a hamster.

monkey

hamster

They are similar because they $\qquad$ .A) lay eggsB) have feelersC) are covered with feathersD) feed their young with milk

## Booklet B

This section is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.
Grading: This question type is not graded on this system and will not affect the final score as it was designed in such a way that it requires manual assistance.

Lena set up an experiment as shown below.

(a) Without moving the screen, suggest two ways that will enable Lena to obtain a bigger shadow of object $W$ on the screen.
(i) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
(ii) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
(b) Lena replaced object $W$ with another round object made of a different material. She saw a darker shadow being formed on the screen. Why is it so?
[1]

Sam and Sue were given three balls of different sizes and masses as shown below.

polystyrene ball

metal ball

basketball
What instrument can they use to measure the masses of the balls?

## Question 31 of 51

Based on the diagrams above, which object has the largest volume?

The mass of each ball is shown below.

| Object | polystyrene ball | metal ball | basketball |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mass $(\mathrm{g})$ | 350 | 1200 | 1100 |

(c) Sam concluded that the larger the volume of the ball, the larger the mass. Do you agree with Sam? Explain.

Martha conducted an experiment using set-ups $A$ and $B$ as shown below. She wrapped the plastic milk bottle in Set-up A with aluminium foil and another identical plastic milk bottle in Set-up B with a rubber sheet. She filled both bottles with the same amount of hot milk at $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

(a) What would happen to the temperature of the milk in the bottles after some time?
$\qquad$
(b) Give a reason for your answer in part (a).
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(c) Martha placed set-ups A and B in a room at $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. What could be the temperature of the milk in the bottles after 5 minutes? Write your answers in the table given below.

|  | Temperature of the <br> milk at the start | Temperature of the milk <br> after 5 minutes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Set-up A | $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Set-up B | $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |

When Jenny brought a piece of bar magnet near a box of iron nails, it attracted some nails to it as shown in the diagram below.


What can she do to enable the same magnet to attract more iron nails?

Match the options below:

Jenny accidentally dropped the piece of magnet and it was broken into four parts labelled $W, X, Y$ and $Z$ as shown in the diagram below.


Label the poles of the parts of the broken magnet in the boxes provided above.

| 1. [ $]$ | Part Y | A. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. [ $]$ | Part Z | B. $N$ |

Leo conducted an experiment to measure the amount of light that can pass through five different materials. The results are shown in the bar chart below.


Based on the results given in the bar chart above, arrange the materials in order starting from the one that allows the most light to pass through.

$\qquad$

Leo wants to choose a material for making a door for the public toilet to ensure privacy.
Which material would be the most suitable?

Study the flow chart below.

(a) Based on the flow chart, state two properties of B.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(b) Which state of matter is C in?
$\qquad$
(c) Give an example of A.
$\qquad$
(d) Based on the flow chart, state one difference between B and D.

Benson lives in a very hot part of the world where the temperature at noon can easily reached $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. As a result, it is very common to see cracks on the concrete ground because of the heat from the sun as shown in the diagram below.


Explain how would the heat from the sun cause the cracks on the ground to be formed?

Benson's father instructed him to fit a metal rim tightly around the wheels to protect the wheels from being damaged by the uneven ground, as shown in the diagram below.


However, the metal rim was not big enough to be fitted around the wheels at room temperature. His father suggested two steps to complete the task.
(b) Using only a bunsen burner, describê what should Benson do to fit the metal rim tightly round the bullock-cart wheels?

Thomas conducted an experiment using the set-up below.


He measured the temperature of liquid K in the container made of material W over a period of time. He repeated the experiment using a container made of material X . His results are shown in the graph below.

(a) State one variable in this experiment that must be kept the same to ensure a fair test.
(b) If Thomas wanted to bring cold drinks for a school trip, which material should he use for the container to keep his cold drinks cold for a longer period of time? Explain your answer.

Thomas managed to find a material $Y$ that is able to keep cold drinks cold for an even longer period of time. Which one of the lines in the graph below, A or B, correctly shows how the temperature of liquid $K$ in a container made of material Y would change over time?
A) AB) $B$

The diagram below shows an umbrella.


What material should part $F$ be made of?
(b) Complete the table below to show how two properties of the material stated in part (a) make an umbrella useful in different conditions.

|  | Conditions | Property |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | Sunny day |  |
| 2. | Rainy day |  |

(c) Part G of the umbreila is usually made of metal. Explain why metal is used to make part G instead of plastic.
$\qquad$

During a science lesson, Kendrick was given two rods and was told to make them into electromagnets. He created the set-up as shown below.


Name a material that can be used to make an electromagnet.

Kendrick wanted rod 2 to have a greater magnetic strength than rod 1.
(b) State one change that Kendrick can make to the set-up shown above in order for rod 2 to have a greater magnetic strength.
$\qquad$

Kendrick was then given a third rod and was asked to bring all three rods near a dish containing similar paper clips. The number of paper clips attracted by each rod were recorded in the table below.

| Rod | Number of paper clips attracted |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 5 |
| 2 | 8 |
| 3 | 0 |

(c) Give a possible reason why no paper clips was attracted by rod 3 .
$\qquad$

- Study the classification chart below.


Based on the chart above, state the characteristics of plants B and D.
Plant B: $\qquad$
Plant D: $\qquad$

Based on the chart above, which group, $A, B, C$ and $D$, would you classify the following plants?

| Plant | Group |
| :---: | :---: |
| Roses |  |A) AB) $B$

C) CD) $D$

A) AB) BC) CD) D

## Question 50 of 51

The pictures below show two animals, $X$ and $Y$.



Animal Y

State the animal group that animal X belong to.
Animal X : $\qquad$
(b) Based only on what you can observe from the pictures above, state one difference between animal $X$ and animal $Y$. (Do not compare their body shape, size and colour.)
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(c) How do animal $X$ and animal $Y$ reproduce?

Animal X : $\qquad$
Animal $Y$ : $\qquad$

